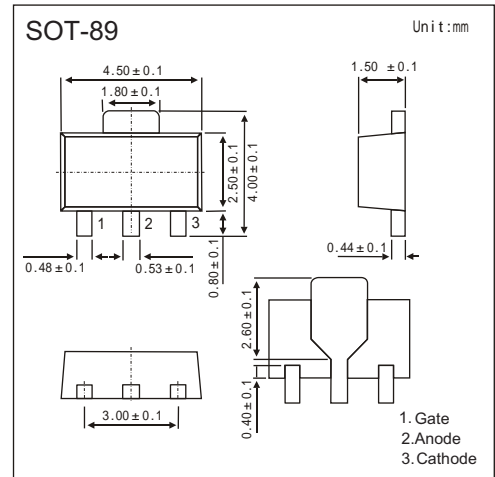
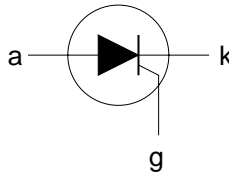


## Silicon Controlled Rectifiers

## BT169-600

## ■ Features

- Blocking voltage to 600 V
- Average on-state current to 0.5 A
- General purpose switching

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Repetitive peak off-state voltages	$V_{DRM}, V_{RRM}$	600	V
Average on-state current	$I_{T(AV)}$	0.5	A
RMS on-state current	$I_{T(RMS)}$	0.8	A
Non-repetitive peak on-state current	$I_{TSM}$	8	A

■ Electrical Characteristics  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Repetitive peak off-state voltages	$V_{DRM}$		600			V
Average on-state current	$I_{T(AV)}$	Half sine wave; $T_{lead} \leq 83^\circ\text{C}$			0.5	A
RMS on-state current	$I_{T(RMS)}$	All conduction angles			0.8	A
Non-repetitive peak on-state current	$I_{TSM}$	full sine wave; $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ prior to surge	$t = 10\text{ ms}$		8	A
			$t = 8.3\text{ ms}$		9	A
$i^2t$ for fusing	$i^2t$	$t = 10\text{ ms}$			0.32	$\text{A}^2\text{S}$
Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after triggering	$di_T/dt$	$I_{TM} = 2\text{ A}; I_G = 10\text{ mA};$ $di_G/dt = 100\text{ mA}/\mu\text{s}$			50	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
Peak gate current	$I_{GM}$				1	A
Peak gate voltage	$V_{GM}$				5	V
Peak gate power	$P_{GM}$				2	W
Average gate power	$P_{G(AV)}$	over any 20 ms period			0.1	W
Thermal resistance junction to ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	PCB mounted, lead length=4mm		150		K/W
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating junction temperature	$T_j$				125	$^\circ\text{C}$

## BT169-600

## ■ Electrical Characteristics Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate trigger current	$I_{GT}$	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_T = 10\text{ mA}$ , gate open circuit		50	200	$\mu\text{ A}$
Latching current	$I_L$	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.5\text{ mA}$ $R_{GK}=1\text{ K}\Omega$		2	6	mA
Holding current	$I_H$	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.5\text{ mA}$ $R_{GK}=1\text{ K}\Omega$		2	5	
On-state voltage	$V_T$	$I_T = 1\text{ A}$		1.2	1.35	V
Gate trigger voltage	$V_{GT}$	$V_D = 12\text{ V}; I_T = 10\text{ mA}$ , gate open circuit		0.5	0.8	V
		$V_D = V_{DRM(max)}; I_T = 10\text{ mA}; T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.2	0.3		V
Off-state leakage current	$I_D, I_R$	$V_D = V_{DRM(max)}; V_R = V_{RRM(max)}$ $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ $R_{GK}=1\text{ K}\Omega$		0.05	0.1	mA
Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	$dV_D/dt$	$V_{DM} = 67\% V_{DRM(max)}$ ; $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ; exponential $R_{GK}=1\text{ K}\Omega$		25		V/ $\mu\text{ S}$
Gate controlled turn-on time	$t_{gt}$	$I_{TM}=2\text{ A}; V_D=V_{DRM(max)}$ ; $I_G=10\text{ mA}$ $dI_G/dt = 0.1\text{ A}/\mu\text{ s}$		2		$\mu\text{ S}$
Circuit commutated turn-off time	$t_q$	$I_{TM} = 1.6\text{ A}; V_D = 67\%V_{DRM(max)}$ ; $T_j=125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; V_R=35\text{ V}; R_{GK}=1\text{ k}\Omega$ $dI_{TM}/dt = 30\text{ A}/\mu\text{ s}; V_D/dt = 2\text{ V}/\mu\text{ s}$		100		$\mu\text{ S}$

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■ Typical Characteristics

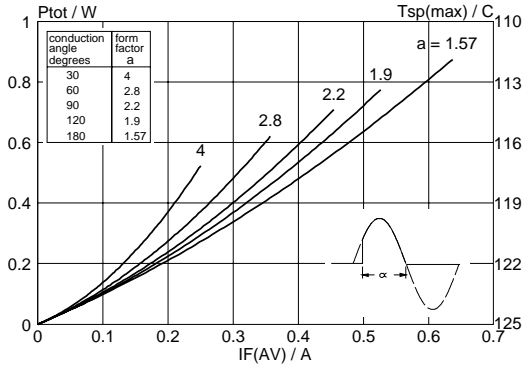


Fig.1. Maximum on-state dissipation,  $P_{tot}$ , versus average on-state current,  $I_{T(AV)}$ , where  $a =$  form factor  $= I_{T(RMS)}/I_{T(AV)}$ .

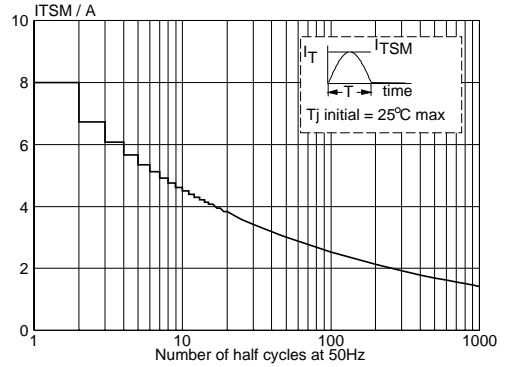


Fig.4. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current  $I_{TSM}$ , versus number of half cycles, for sinusoidal currents,  $f = 50$  Hz.

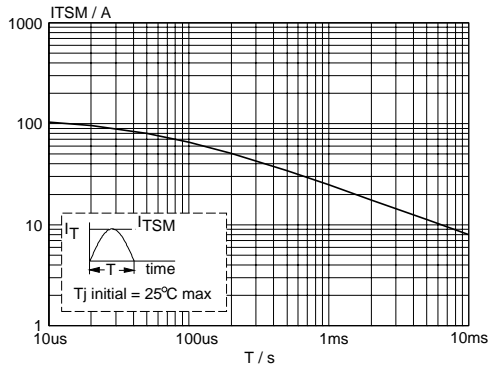


Fig.2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current  $I_{TSM}$ , versus pulse width  $t_p$ , for sinusoidal currents,  $t_p \leq 10$ ms.

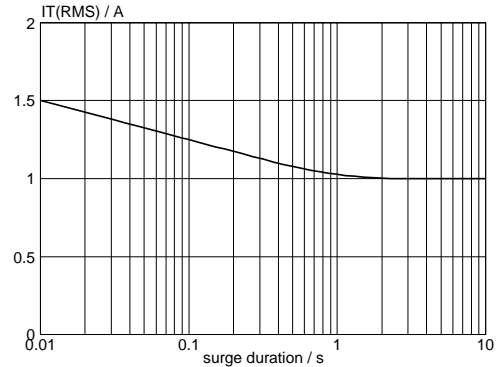


Fig.5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current  $I_{T(RMS)}$ , versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents,  $f = 50$  Hz;  $T_{sp} \leq 112^\circ\text{C}$ .

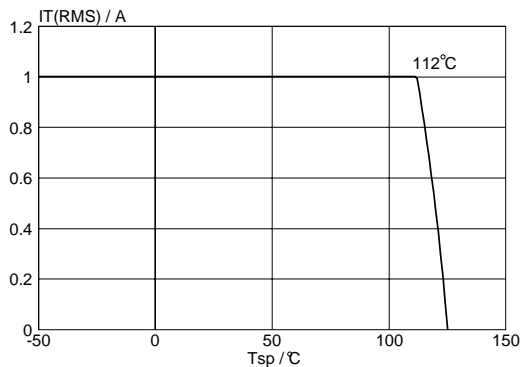


Fig.3. Maximum permissible rms current  $I_{T(RMS)}$ , versus solder point temperature  $T_{sp}$ .

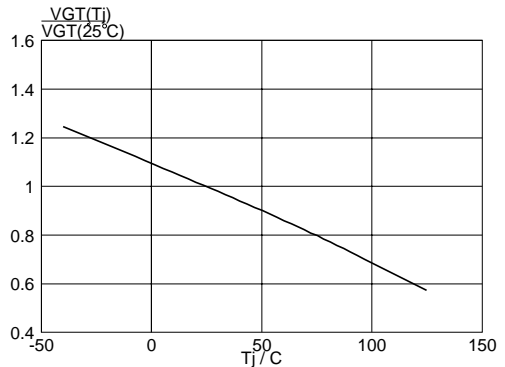


Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage  $V_{GT}(T_j)/V_{GT}(25^\circ\text{C})$ , versus junction temperature  $T_j$ .

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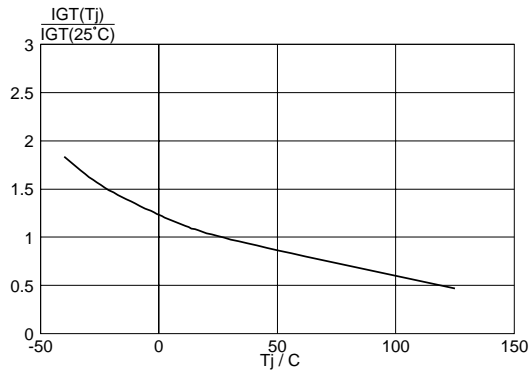


Fig.7. Normalised gate trigger current  $I_{GT}(T_j)/I_{GT}(25^\circ\text{C})$ , versus junction temperature  $T_j$ .

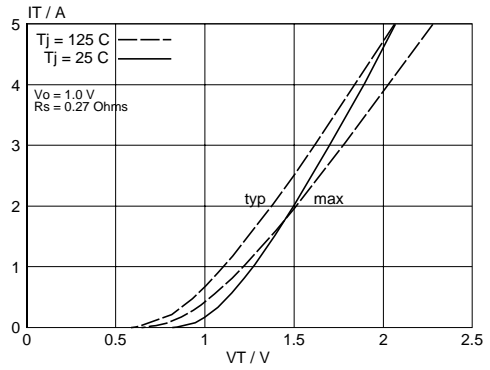


Fig.10. Typical and maximum on-state characteristic.

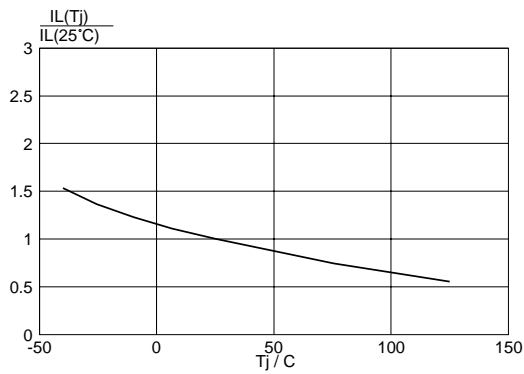


Fig.8. Normalised latching current  $I_L(T_j)/I_L(25^\circ\text{C})$ , versus junction temperature  $T_j$ ,  $R_{GK} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

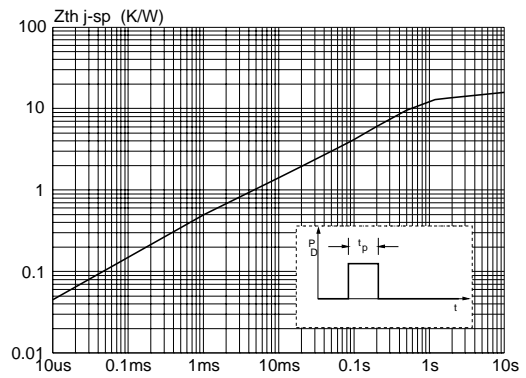


Fig.11. Transient thermal impedance  $Z_{th(j-sp)}$ , versus pulse width  $t_p$ .

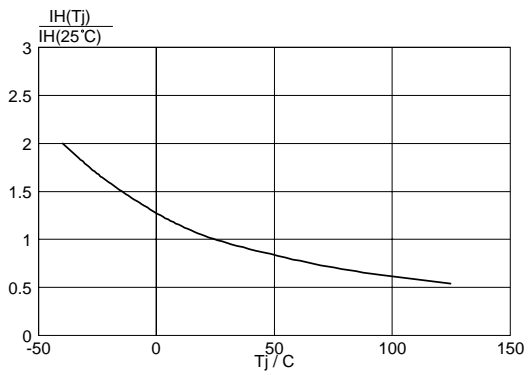


Fig.9. Normalised holding current  $I_H(T_j)/I_H(25^\circ\text{C})$ , versus junction temperature  $T_j$ ,  $R_{GK} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

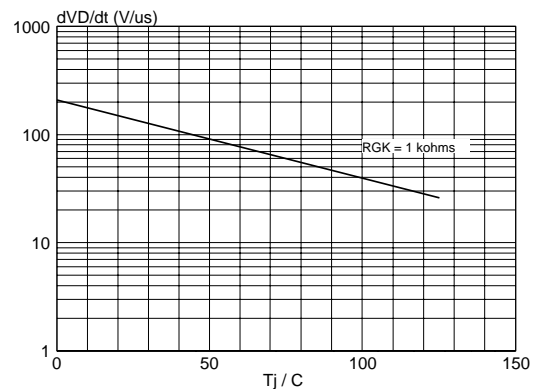


Fig.12. Typical, critical rate of rise of off-state voltage,  $dV_D/dt$  versus junction temperature  $T_j$ .